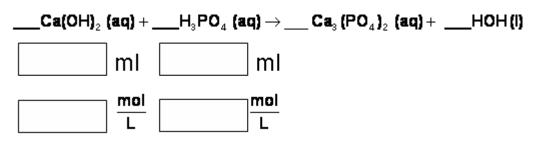
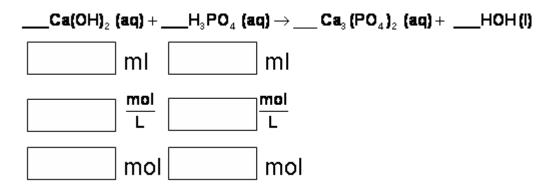
General Chemistry Mr. MacGillivray Teach Yourself Solution Stoichiometry!

 $_$ Ca(OH)₂ (aq) + $_$ H₃PO₄ (aq) \rightarrow $_$ Ca₃(PO₄)₂ (aq) + $_$ HOH (I) PROBLEM: What volume of 0.250 M phosphoric acid (H₃PO₄) is required to neutralize 35.2 ml of 0.338 M calcium hydroxide, Ca(OH)₂?

- 1. Balance the equation above.
- 2. Fill in the blanks to set up your knowns and unknowns.



3. Find the number of moles of calcium hydroxide. Use M=n/V. Show calculations. Units have to cancel, so use liters! Fill in the answer in the "mol" box under Ca(OH)₂.



- 4. Convert from mol of calcium hydroxide to moles of phosphoric acid. Show your calculations. Fill in the answer above in the "mol" box under phosphoric acid.
- 5. Use M=n/V to find the number of liters of H₃PO₄. Convert to mI and fill in the answer ☺!
- Repeat the above procedure for the following problem: How many ml of a 0.312 M solution of Pb(NO₃)₂ are needed to react completely with 75.0 ml of 0.500 M Nal?

 $\underline{\qquad} \mathsf{Pb}(\mathsf{NO}_3)_2 + \underline{\qquad} \mathsf{Nal} \rightarrow \underline{\qquad} \mathsf{Pbl}_2 + \underline{\qquad} \mathsf{NaNO}_3$